



# **B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION**



#### SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL

# **PERIODIC TEST -1, 2025-26**

## **Social Science**

Class: VII Time: 1hr
Date: 07.07.25 Max Marks: 25
Admission no: Roll no:

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. The question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C, D & E) with 10 questions in total.
- 2. All questions are compulsory.
- **3.** Question numbers 1-3 are multiple choice questions of 1 mark each.
- **4.** Question numbers 4 and 5 are of 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 20-30 words each.
- **5.** Question numbers 6 and 8 are of 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50-60 words each.
- **6.** Question number 9 is a long answer question of 5 mark.
- **7.** Question number 10 is Case based, carrying, 4 marks.

#### **SECTION-A**

1 asked all state governments to begin midday meal scheme in their schools.				
a. Supreme Court	b. Local court	<ul><li>c. High Court</li></ul>	d. None of these	1
2. Cartographer is a person who makes				1
a. Cartoons	b. Maps	c. Caricatures	d. None of these	
3. Which of the following is not the literary source				1
a. travelogue	b. Coin	c. Inscription	d. Manuscripts	
4. State two ways in which Article 15 addresses inequality.  5. Who was considered a "foreigner" in the past?				2 2
<u>SECTION-C</u>				
<ul><li>6. Mention the importance of Universal Adult Franchise in a democracy on the basis of chapter 'On Equality'.</li><li>7. How were the affairs of Jatis regulated?</li><li>8. What are the difficulties historians faces in using manuscripts?</li></ul>				3 3 3

#### **SECTION-D**

5

9. Explain the issue of inequality with the help of the example of 'Civil Right Movement?'

#### OR

Write a note on Midday Meal scheme.

#### **SECTION-E**

#### 10. Case Study

Today we understand it as "India", the modern nation-state. When the term was used in the thirteenth century by Minhaj-i-Siraj, a chronicler who wrote in Persian, he meant the areas of Punjab, Haryana and the lands between the Ganga and Yamuna. He used the term in a political sense for lands that were a part of the dominions of the Delhi Sultan. On occasion authors revised their chronicles at different times. The 14 th century chronicler Ziyauddin Barani wrote his chronicles first in a356 and another version two years later.

Who was Minhaj – I – Siraj?
 What did the chronicler who wrote in Persian meant when he used the term "India".
 Who revised chronicles at different times?

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